### **Family Involvement DEFINITION**



Parents and family/caregivers' involvement as active team members alongside various service providers



This principle is one of the 10 evidence-based principles, identified in a scoping review, that can guide the organization and delivery of services for students with disabilities in integrated classrooms.

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### **Principle 4:** Family Involvement

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## **EXAMPLES**

HealthyCHILD model: Working with parents as integral members of the team and as central collaborators to provide at-home services for the children with developmental delays, chronic conditions or challenging behaviours (Bagnato et al., 2004)

Head Smart Trauma Start: Mentoring parents of children who experience trauma in disadvantaged areas to create a trauma-informed culture in the pre-school setting and to promote family involvement in child's development (Holmes et al., 2015)

LEAP preschool model: Extensive skills training for family members of preschool children with autism to facilitate parents' management and involvement in child's behaviours (Strain et al., 2011)

Transdisciplinary approach: Allowing the needs of the child and family to dictate the team's goals and having parents take case-manager roles to facilitate educational programs of students with complex disabilities (Koskie & Freeze, 2000)

## **Evidence & OUTCOME**

In collaboration with other principles, involving families:

- Improved students' attention and behaviour as rated by teachers and parents; as well as promoted positive classroom relationships as perceived by parents (Holmes et al., 2015)
- Was associated with a significant improvement on measures of cognitive, language, social, and problem behavior, and autism symptoms among pre-schoolers (Strain et al., 2011)
- Through ongoing communication between parents and the health and school systems facilitated return to school for students following a traumatic brain injury (Gioia, 2014)
- Through intensive family support to parents of pre-school to third grade students is recommended to support successful transition for students in disadvantaged areas (Reynolds et al., 2009)

# Application IDEAS

Empowering parents through skills training and information sessions

Encouraging parents to take an active role in decision-making

Family overseeing service provision and providing feedback to teachers or other professionals working with student

Parents/caregivers taking part in team meetings and consulting and discussing intervention plans with teachers and professionals